

Injury Deaths to Massachusetts Adults Ages 25-44 Years

Injuries are the leading cause of death to adults between the ages of 25 and 44 years. In 2006, there were **851** injury deaths to adults ages 25-44, a rate of **46.7** deaths for every 100,000 adults this age. Poisonings, which include drug overdoses, were the leading cause of injury death accounting for 53.3% of all injury deaths.

INJURY CAUSE	INJURY INTENT						Percent	
	Uninten-	Intentional		Undeter-	Other &	Total Count	of Total	Crude Rate per 100,000
	tional	Suicide	Homicide	mined	Legal	Count	Count	por 100,000
Cut/pierce	0	2	19	0	0	21	2.5	1.2
Drowning/submersion	11	6	0	2		19	2.2	1.0
Fall	12	4	0	1		17	2.0	0.9
Fire/burn	3	1	1	1		6	0.7	0.3
Firearms	0	34	42	0	2	78	9.2	4.3
Machinery	2					2	0.2	
Natural/environmental	0					0	0.0	0.0
Overexertion	0					0	0.0	0.0
Poisoning	404	32	0	18	0	454	53.3	24.9
Struck by, against	5	0	7	0	0	12	1.4	0.7
Suffocation/hanging	5	72	3	0		80	9.4	4.4
Transport Injuries:	128	0	0	0	0	128	15.0	7.0
Motor vehicle traffic-related	112					112	13.2	6.1
Occupant	22					22	2.6	1.2
Motorcyclist	23					23	2.7	1.3
Pedal cyclist	1					1	0.1	
Pedestrian	12					12	1.4	0.7
Other person	0					0	0.0	0.0
Unspecified person	54					54	6.3	3.0
Pedal cyclist, other	2					2	0.2	
Pedestrian, other	1					1	0.1	
Other land transport	11					11	1.3	0.6
Other transport	2					2	0.2	
Other specified & classifiable	11	6	0	0	0	17	2.0	0.9
Other specified, not classifiable	2	1	2	3	0	8	0.9	0.4
Unspecified	5	0	2	1	0	8	0.9	0.4
Adverse Effects						1	0.1	
TOTALS	588	158	76	26	2	851	100%	46.7
Injury Death Rate by Intent	32.3	8.7	4.2	1.4		n/a	n/a	n/a

Source: Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, Massachusetts Department of Public Health.

[—]Rates are per 100,000 residents. Rates provided here are age-specific. Rates are not calculated on counts of less than five, and those based on counts less than twenty may be unstable.

[—]Categories and groupings are based on a modified version of the CDC's "Recommended framework of E-code groupings for presenting injury mortality and morbidity data." This framework does not provide for intentionality for certain cause categories as indicated by gray shading. Injury subcategories are italicized.